Controlling Secondary Cotton Growth or Regrowth

Secondary growth or regrowth can occur after cotton has been defoliated and harvest is delayed. If warm temperatures and rainfall are encountered during this time, the cotton plant growth cycle can start again causing secondary growth in the terminal and at the nodes. Secondary growth is difficult to control since this young foliage does not form an abscission layer or shed as the older, more mature leaves do. Research has shown that Aim® EC herbicide is effective for desiccating this type of growth.

Application Recommendations:
• Aim EC herbicide, at 1 fl oz./A, is the best choice for the second application whether alone or with an appropriate tank-mix partner.
• Add a COC spray adjuvant at 1% v/v (1 gallon per 100 gallons of spray solution).
• Carrier volume and nozzle selection are the most important factors in obtaining adequate spray coverage.
  • Minimum finished spray of 10 GPA ground, 5 GPA air.
  • Hollow cone nozzles with high pressure provide excellent spray coverage.
• Aim EC herbicide doesn’t translocate, so contact to juvenile growth is essential for removal.
• Retreatment interval is 7 days. Do not apply more than 3.2 ounces of Aim EC herbicide to cotton per acre per season. 7.9 ounces total for all application types.

Always read and follow all label directions, restrictions and precautions for use. Some products are not registered for sale or use in all states. FMC and Aim are trademarks, and HatchTrak is a service mark of FMC Corporation or an affiliate. ©2018 FMC Corporation. All rights reserved. 07/18